

Warm Up – Against All Odds video

<https://learner.org/series/against-all-odds-inside-statistics/scatterplots/>

- 1) What is a manatee?
  
- 2) What does a scatterplot show about the relationship between the number of powerboats registered in Florida and the number of manatees killed?
  
- 3) Why is the number of boats plotted on the x (horizontal) axis?
  
- 4) What was the example given for a scatterplot with a negative association? What does the trend look like for a negative association?

Practice

**1) PG. 147 #4.1, 4.2**

**#4.1: Explanatory or Response**

In each of the following situations, is it more reasonable to simply explore the relationship between the two variables or to view one of the variables as an explanatory variable and the other as a response variable? In the latter case, which is the explanatory variable and which is the response variable?

- a. The amount of time spent studying for a statistics exam and the grade on the exam.
  
- b. The weight in kilograms and height in centimeters of a person.
  
- c. Inches of rain in the growing season and the yield of corn in bushels per acre.
  
- d. A student's scores on the SAT Math test and the SAT Critical Reading test.

**#4.2: Explanatory or Response**

In each of the following situations, is it more reasonable to simply explore the relationship between the two variables or to view one of the variables as an explanatory variable and the other as a response variable? In the latter case, which is the explanatory variable and which is the response variable?

- a. A family's income and the years of education their eldest child completes.
  
- b. Price of a house and square footage of the house.
  
- c. The arm span and height of a person.
  
- d. Amount of snow in the Colorado mountains and the volume of water in area rivers.

2) PG. 149 #4.6

#4.6 – Fast Cars

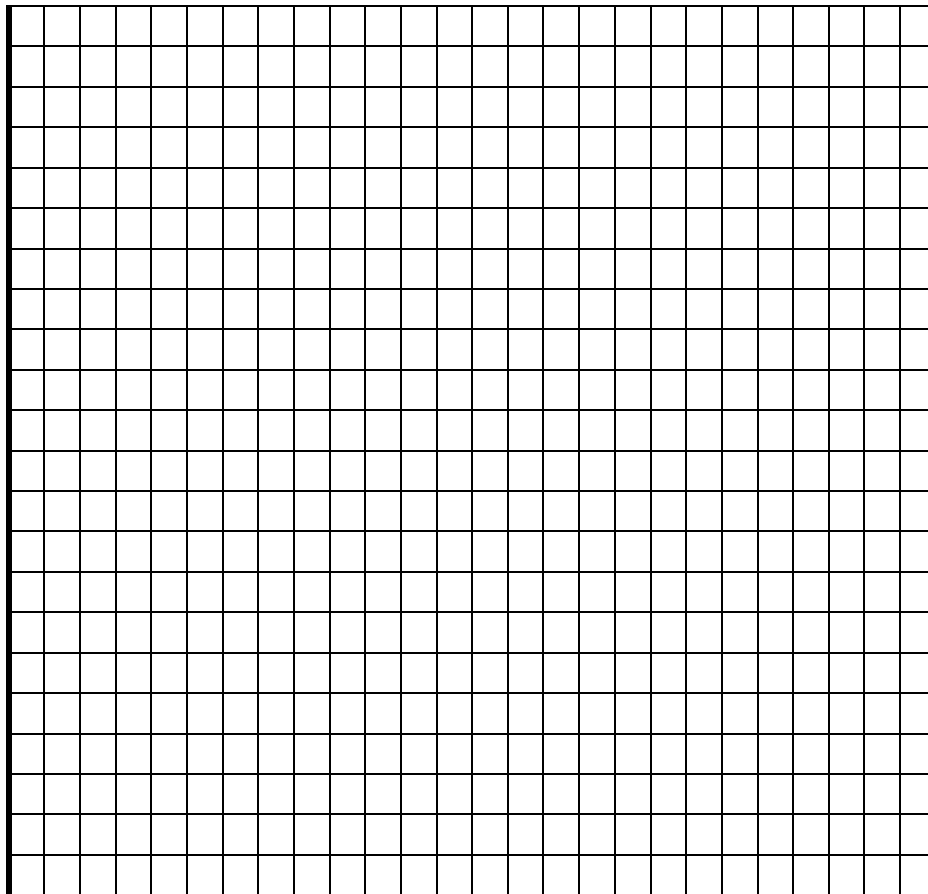
Interested in a sporty car? Worried that it might use too much gas? The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) lists most vehicles in its “minicompact” or “two-seater” categories. Table 4.1 gives city and highway gas mileages (in miles per gallon) for all model year 2009 cars in these two groups.

- a. Make a scatterplot that shows the relationship between city and highway mileage for minicompact cars using city mileage as the explanatory variable. Be sure to label your axes. Use a **DOT** for the Mini/Subcompact Cars.
- b. On the same graph, make a scatterplot that shows the relationship between city and highway mileage for two-seater cars. Use a **STAR** for the Two-Seater Cars

Table 4.1 Gas Mileages (mpg) for Model Year 2009 Cars

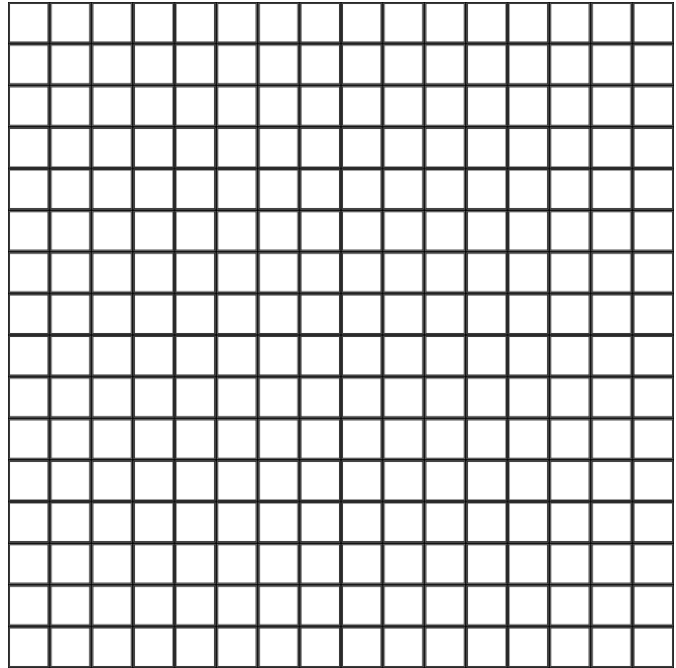
| Mini/subcompact cars      |      |         | Two-seater cars            |      |         |
|---------------------------|------|---------|----------------------------|------|---------|
| Model                     | City | Highway | Model                      | City | Highway |
| Audi TT coupe             | 23   | 31      | Aston Martin DBS Coupe     | 17   | 24      |
| BMW 328CI Convertible     | 18   | 27      | Aston Martin V8 Vantage    | 13   | 19      |
| BMW 335CI Convertible     | 17   | 26      | Audi TT Roadster           | 22   | 30      |
| BMW M3 Convertible        | 14   | 20      | Cadillac XLR               | 14   | 23      |
| Jaguar XK Convertible     | 16   | 25      | Chevrolet Corvette         | 15   | 25      |
| Jaguar XKR Convertible    | 15   | 23      | Dodge Viper                | 13   | 22      |
| Mercedes-Benz CLK350      | 17   | 25      | Ferrari GTB Fiorano        | 11   | 15      |
| Mercedes-Benz CLK550      | 15   | 22      | Ferrari F430               | 11   | 16      |
| Mitsubishi Eclipse Spyder | 19   | 26      | Honda S2000                | 18   | 25      |
| Porsche 911 Carrera       | 18   | 26      | Lamborghini Gallardo Coupe | 14   | 20      |
| Porsche 911 Turbo         | 15   | 23      | Mercedes-Benz SL500        | 13   | 21      |
|                           |      |         | Mercedes-Benz SL600        | 11   | 18      |
|                           |      |         | Mercedes-Benz SLK320       | 19   | 26      |
|                           |      |         | Nissan 350Z Roadster       | 17   | 23      |
|                           |      |         | Pontiac Solstice           | 19   | 27      |
|                           |      |         | Porsche 911 GT2            | 16   | 23      |
|                           |      |         | Saturn Sky                 | 19   | 27      |
|                           |      |         | Smart fortwo convertible   | 33   | 41      |
|                           |      |         | Spyker C8                  | 13   | 18      |

Source: Environmental Protection Agency, 2008 Fuel Economy Guide, [www.fueleconomy.gov](http://www.fueleconomy.gov).



3) Using the following data from our first block, construct a scatterplot and describe the relationship between midterm grade and total absences.

| Midterm Grade | ABSENCES |
|---------------|----------|
| 72            | 3        |
| 59            | 4        |
| 0             | 14       |
| 92            | 3        |
| 72            | 0        |
| 95            | 0        |
| 70            | 2        |
| 64            | 4        |
| 95            | 0        |
| 89            | 2        |
| 78            | 5        |
| 75            | 2        |
| 100           | 1        |
| 0             | 13       |
| 100           | 2        |
| 92            | 0        |
| 64            | 3        |
| 67            | 15       |
| 0             | 16       |
| 78            | 6        |
| 92            | 0        |
| 70            | 4        |
| 95            | 1        |
| 67            | 8        |
| 95            | 3        |
| 84            | 0        |
| 86            | 4        |
| 72            | 0        |



Name the explanatory and response variables.

Explanatory Variable: \_\_\_\_\_

Response Variable: \_\_\_\_\_

Describe what the graph tells you about the relationship between the two variables. Is this a positive or negative relationship?