Chapter 5 Review	N	ame Date:
Match each word or phrase with its definition.		
1. probability sample	A.	error which occurs when an individual chosen for the sample cannot be contacted or refuses to cooperate
2. bias	Β.	a number that describes the population
3. convenience sample	C.	error that occurs when a subject gives an incorrect response
4. margin of error	D.	any sample which uses chance to select the sample
5. nonresponse error	E.	sampling error not related to the act of selecting a sample from the population
6. nonsampling error	F.	A sample obtained by dividing the population into subgroups according to various homogeneous characteristics and then selecting members from each subgroup for the sample
7. parameter	G.	How close the sample statistic is to the population parameter
8. population	Н.	bias which occurs when some groups in the population are left out of the process of choosing the sample
9. voluntary response sample	Ι.	A sample obtained by numbering each element in the population and then selecting every third or fifth or tenth, etc., number from the population to be included in the sample
10. processing error	J.	sample which chooses the individuals easiest to reach
11. question-wording bias	К.	how spread out the values of the sample statistic are when we take many samples
12. random sampling error	L.	list of individuals from which a sample is actually selected
13. response error	M	number that describes a sample
14. sample	N.	the entire group of individuals about which we want information
15. sampling frame	О.	sample consisting of people who choose themselves by responding to a general appeal
16. simple random sample	Ρ.	a piece of the population from which we actually collect information
17. statistic	Q.	the consistent favoring of certain outcomes in a survey
18. stratified sample	R.	error in mechanical tasks such as in doing arithmetic or in entering responses into a computer
19. systematic sample	S.	bias created by the wording of the survey question(s)
20. undercoverage	T.	deviation between the sample statistic and population parameter caused by chance in selecting a random sample
21. variability	U.	a sample of size n individuals from the population chosen in such a way that every set of n individuals has an equal chance to be the sample actually selected